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**Перший тиждень карантину групи 2 курсу (Б-201,БМ-206)**

**Тема: Граматика “Types of Adverbial Modifiers”**

**Короткі теоретичні відомості з граматики:**

**Types of Adverbial Modifiers**

Обставина в англійській мові, як і в українській,— це другорядний член речення, який означає різні характеристики дії (час, місце, причину, мету і т. п.), а також ступінь якості.

За значенням обставини поділяються на обставини місця, часу, частоти та повторюваності, способу дії, причини, мети, результату і ступеня.

Обставини найчастіше виражаються іменниками з прийменниками.

Нижче наводяться приклади обставин з найбільш уживаними прийменниками:

* about по, біля, навколо, при (місце)

The children were running about the schoolyard.

* after після, за (час); за (послідовність)

after school (breakfast, classes, dinner, the holidays, etc.)

Where will you go after classes?

* at в, на, у, при (місце)

at the station (hotel, office, shop, etc.)

at the door (window, table, blackboard, etc.)

We were all sitting at the table when he walked in.

at the top (bottom, side, beginning, end) of smth.

There is a post-office at the end of the street.

* at у, в, на (заняття; установа)

at school, at work, at the (a) theatre (cinema, meeting, plant, factory, etc.)

My father works at a factory.

Is Jane at school yet? at о (час у годинах)

at one (two, five) o'clock;

а також у словосполученнях: at that (this) moment (time, hour), at night (dawn)

I'll come at nine o'clock.

He was a child at that time.

* before до, близько, перед (час; рідше — місце)

I came here before nine o'clock.

* behind ззаду, позаду (місце)

He hid behind the tree.

* between між (час; місце)

I'll come between eight and nine.

The Mediterranean Sea is between Europe and Africa.

* by до (час)

by now (by then, by this time, by Sunday, by next year, by the end of the week, etc.)

I'll have finished the report by Sunday.

* by (для вираження засобу або способу пересування, а також агента дії)

by boat (by train, by tram, by bus, by railway, by sea, by air, by land, etc.)

Let's go by bus.

This novel is by Dickens.

* for протягом, на протязі (час)

I've been there for a week.

* for у, в, до (напрям руху з дієсловами to start, to leave, to sail, to set out)

He is leaving for Kiev tomorrow.

* from з, від (місце; час)

When will you come back from your trip?

He will be here from ten till twelve o'clock.

* in в, на, у (місце, напрям)

The book is in my desk.

In Chernivtsi (in Europe, in England, in the U.S.A., etc.)

in the city (in the ocean, in the sea, in the country, in cosmos, in (outer) space, in orbit)

* in в, у (час; частина доби, пора року, рік, місяць);

протягом, під час, через, за

in summer (in winter, in May, in the morning, in 2012, etc.)

Where did you go in summer?

I'll be back in an hour.

In a day or two everything will be ready,

* into в, у (на, до) (напрям руху всередину чогось)

Put the book into the drawer.

He poured some water into the glass,

* on (upon) на (знаходження або розміщення чогось на поверхні)

on the table (chair, floor, ground, lake, river, wall, blackboard, one's head, etc.)

Look, your cap is on the floor!

Hang up this diagram on the wall.

* on (upon) в, у, на, по (процес, знаходження у русі)

On my way home I met my friend.

Are you going on an excursion with us?

* on (upon) в, у (час; з днями тижня, датами)

Don't come on Tuesday, I’ll be away.

I was born on the second of June.

* till до (час)

I usually prepare my lessons from three till six.

* to в, у, на, до (напрям руху до кінцевого пункту, до мети і т. п.; вживається після дієслів рухуto go, to come, to return, to lead, to send)

Where are you going to? — To school.

Don't fail to come to the meeting today.

* with з (вказівка на супровідні обставини або на спосіб дії)

with pleasure (with difficulty, with joy, with a laugh, with a smile, with a shout, etc.)

The children greeted him with smiles and laughter.

I'll do it with pleasure.

* without без (відсутність чогось)

I can't translate this sentence without a dictionary.

I can't do it without your help.

Обставини можуть бути виражені також прислівниками:

We didn't go anywhere yesterday (anywhere — обставина місця; yesterday — обставина часу).

He ran very fast and won the first prize (fast — обставина способу дії; very — обставина ступеня).

Крім іменника з прийменником і прислівника, обставини можуть бути виражені такими словами або групами слів:

* дієприкметником або дієприкметниковим зворотом (головним чином у писемній мові):

Taking a dictionary he began translating the text.

Being very tired I decided to stay at home.

* іменником без прийменника:

Wait a minute.

The rain lasted all day.

* інфінітивом (обставина мети або наслідку):

I've come to tell you about tomorrow's concert.

It's too dark to read.

* герундієм з прийменником:

On coming home I got down to work.

He walked out without saying a word.

* синтаксичним комплексом з дієприкметником або інфінітивом (складна обставина):

The night being warm, we slept in the open air.

This sentence is too difficult for me to translate.

* обставинним підрядним реченням:

Come whenever you like.

Обставина найчастіше означає присудок (групу присудка), а обставини ступеня можуть також означати прикметники і прислівники.

You speak English quite well.

(Обставина способу дії well означає групу присудка speak English, а обставина quite — обставину well.)

**Вправа 1. Доберіть відповідну форму дієслова.**

1. If you ….. between two and three yesterday you would have found him in. a) came; b) come; c) had come; d) will come. 2. If it ….. , we shall have to stay at home. a) rains; b) rained; c) would rain; d) had rained. 3. You ….. so bad if you didn’t smoke too much. a) shouldn’t have felt; b) wouldn’t feel; c) felt; d) hadn’t felt. 4. If you had gone to the theatre last night, I `m sure, you ….. the play. a) enjoyed; b) had enjoyed; c) should enjoy; d) would have enjoyed. 5. If he ….. his examination, he will not get a scholarship. a) don `t pass; b) wouldn’t pass; c) doesn’t pass; d) won `t pass. 6. If you get a «five» , your mother ….. happy. a) is; b) was; c) were; d) will be. 7. If he ….. in town yesterday he would have called on us. a) was; b) is; c) had been; d) were. 8. I should be very glad if he ….. to my place. a) came; b) comes; c) will come; d) had come. 9. If I ….. you I should pay no attention to what she says. a) was; b) were; c) shall be; d) am. 10. My uncle ….. able to help us if he were here. a) was; b) shall be; c) will be; d) would be. 11. If my friend ….. at home, he will tell us what to do. a) will be; b) is; c) were; d) would be. 12. If it ….. tomorrow, our game will be cancelled. a) rains; b) had rained; c) will rain; d) would rain. 13. If I ….. the result now, I would phone her immediately. a) know; b) had known; c) knew; d) will know. 14. Your brother ….. much stronger if he took cold baths regularly. a) were; b) will be; c) is; d) would be.

**Вправа 2. Доберіть відповідну форму дієслова.**

1. If he ….. in time, shall we have to wait for him ? a) won’t come; b) wouldn’t come; c) hadn’t come d) doesn’t come. 2. I ….. the same if I had been there. a) should have done; b) should do; c) shall do; d) hadn’t done. 3. If he ….. hard, he would have achieved great progress. a) works; b) worked; c) had worked; d) should work. 4. If you ….. me, I shall tell you a secret. a) rings up; b) ring up; c) rang up; d) will ring up. 5. If he had warned me, I ….. the work in time. a) should do; b) should have done; c) shall do; d) did. 6. If only I ….. more pocket money, I could buy some new English books. a) have; b) will have; c) had; d) had had. 7. If you had let me know yesterday, I ….. you my book. a) shall bring; b) should bring; c) brought; d) should have brought. 8.If you had written the test paper successfully, you ….. a «two». a) didn’t get; b) won `t get; c) wouldn’t have got; d) don’t get. 9. You will never finish your work if you ….. your time like that. a) waste; b) wasted; c) would waste; d) should have wasted. 10. If I ….. this rare book, I should gladly lend it to you. a) have; b) had; c) has; d) shall have. 11. If I don `t manage to finish my report today, I ….. at home tomorrow. a) stay; b) stayed; c) stays; d) shall stay. 12. If these shoes were not too big for me, I …... them. a) shall buy; b) should buy; c) should have bought; d) had bought. 13. If it is not too cold, I ….. my coat. a) shan’t put on; b) shall put on; c) put on; d) would have put on. 14. If you were not so careless about your health, you ….. the doctor. a) will consult; b) consulted; c) should have consulted; d) would consult.

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**другий тиждень карантину групи 2 курсу (Б-201,БМ-206)**

**Тема:. Граматика "The Subject Clause"**

**Короткі теоретичні відомості з граматики:**

**The Subject Clause**

В англійській мові підметове підрядне речення виконує в складному реченні роль підмета головного речення.

Підметове підрядне звичайно ставиться після присудка, причому в цьому випадку головне речення починається формальним підметом it. Якщо немає формального it, підрядне підметове завжди стоїть перед присудком головного речення (див. приклади нижче).

Підрядне підметове з'єднується з головним:

* сполучними займенниками what, who (whom), which і сполучними прислівниками when, where, how, why; при наявності сполучного займенника what вставне it не вживається:

What you don't understand is that he'll never agree to this plan.

(Ви не розумієте одного: він ніколи не погодиться з цим планом.)

What's worrying me now is the state of her health.

(Те, що хвилює мене зараз, це стан її здоров'я.)

It is still not known why he didn't come.

(Why he didn't come is still not known.)

* сполучниками that, whether (сполучник that вживається тільки з вставним it):

Whether he will agree is another question.

(Погодиться він чи ні, це інше питання.)

It's doubtful whether she will be able to come.

Is it true that you are going away?

* Після зворотів it is necessary (strange, important) та ін. у підрядному підметовому, яке починається сполучником that, дієслово-присудок часто вживається в умовному способі:

It's important that the letter should be sent today.

It's strange that he should have said that.

* безсполучниковим способом (тільки з вставним it):

It's a pity you couldn't come.

**Вправа 1. Доберіть відповідну форму дієслова**

. 1. If I ….. English, I shouldn’t be able to enjoy Byron’s poetry. a) knew; b) didn’t know; c) hadn’t known; d) don `t know. 2. If you hadn’t wasted so much time, you ….. the train. a) didn’t miss; b) has missed; c) wouldn’t have missed; d) won `t miss. 3. Where will they go if the weather ….. fine ? a) is; b) will be; c) were; d) would be. 4. If he didn’t live in St. Petersburg, we ….. so often. a) met; b) wouldn’t have met; c) had met; d) shouldn’t meet. 5. You would have understood the rule if you ….. the teacher `s explanation. a) didn’t miss; b) won’t miss; c) don’t miss; d) hadn’t missed. 6. If the fisherman had been less patient, he ….. so much fish. a) caught; b) wouldn’t have caught; d) didn’t catch; d) will catch. 7. The child won `t be healthy if you ….. him much fruit. a) don’t give; b) gave; c) gives; d) wouldn’t give. 8. If I ….. him, I shall tell him about their letter. a) saw; b) see; c) shall see; d) should have seen. 9 If her alarm clock ….., she would have been on time for work this morning. a) rings; b) rang; c) had rung; d) should ring. 10. If you had been feeling well, you ….. in class yesterday. a) would have been; b) were; c) are; d) had been. 11. If you were on a hijacked plane, ….. you ….. the hijackers ? a) did\*\*\*attack; b) will\*\*\*attack; c) would\*\*\*attack; d) had\*\*\*attacked. 12. You will have to work hard if you ….. the lesson. a) had missed; b) would miss; c) didn’t miss; d) miss. 13. If I ….. a bird, I should be able to fly. a) were; b) was; c) am; d) shall be. 14. If he hadn’t been so careless, he …… into the strap. a) had fallen; b) didn’t fall; c) felt; d) wouldn’t have fallen.

 **Вправа 2. Доберіть відповідну форму дієслова**.

1. She will walk home if it ….. cold. a) wasn’t; b) won` t be; c) isn’t; d) would be. 2. If I had more time, I …... more books. a) should read; b) shall read; c) read; d) had read. 3. If men …… no weapons, would wars be possible ? a) have; b) had; c) had had; d) would have. 4. You won `t understand the rule if you ….. to the teacher. a) didn’t listen; b) wouldn’t listen; c) don `t listen; d) won `t listen. 5. If he ….. the poem, he wouldn’t have got a bad mark. a) will learn; b) learnt; c) would learn; d) had learnt. 6. If she ….. older she would understand you better . a) was; b) were; c) is; d) had been. 7. If I could help you I readily …… so, but you know I can `t. a) did; b) had done; c) shall do; d) should do. 8. If I had known of your arrival I ….. you . a) should have met; b) would meet; c) will meet; d) met. 9. If she ….. me, I should have been in a very difficult situation. a) helps; b) helped; c) hadn’t helped; d) would help. 10. I should be delighted if I ….. such a beautiful fur coat. a) have; b) had; c) had had; d) shall have. 11. If you gave me your dictionary for a couple of days, I ….. this text. a) shall translate; b) translated; c) would have translated; d) should trans late. 12. If you ….. the 10.30 train, there is another at 10.35. a) miss; b) will miss; c) should miss; d) had missed. 13. If it …… very cold tonight, our car won `t start in the morning. a) will be; b) wouldn’t be; c) were; d) is. 14. I` m sure you could have done it without my help, if you ….. . It wasn’t difficult at all. a) try; b) tried; c) had tried; d) would have tried.

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**3 тиждень карантину групи 2 курсу (Б-201,БМ-206)**

**Короткі теоретичні відомості з граматики:**

**The Predicate Clause**

Присудкове підрядне речення виконує в складнопідрядному реченні функцію предикатива (іменної частини складеного присудка) головного речення. Присудкові підрядні вживаються не часто. Вони вводяться:

* сполучними займенниками what, who (whom), which і сполучними прислівниками when, where,how, why:

This is where I live. That's why I came here.

That's what I want to ask you.

* сполучниками that, whether (if):

The trouble is that we've got very little time.

The fact is that he didn't come at all.

**Exercise 1. Translate the following**

1. Henry objects to our buying the house without the approval of our attorney and John does so. 2. Rita enjoyed to be able to meet several Congress members during her vacation. 3. Harry’s advisor persuaded his taking several courses which did not involve much knowledge of mathematics. 4. The students were interested in take a field trip to the National Museum, but they were not able to raise enough money. 5. The policeman ordered the suspect to don’t remove his hands from the hood of the car. 6. The government has decided voting on the resolution now rather than next month. 7. The professor is thinking to go to the conference on aerodynamics next week. 8. His father does not approve of him to go to the banquet without dressing formally. 9. Bess is used to fly after having crossed the continent many times during the past decades. 10. Our Spanish professor would like us spending more time in the laboratory practicing our pronunciation. 11. Anybody who plans to attend the meeting ought send a short note to the chairperson. 12. It is difficult to get used to sleep in a tent after having a soft, comfortable bed to lie on. 13. Having lived here for seven years, my friend is used to speak English with all her classmates. 14. Let Nancy and her to make all the plans for the party, and you and I will provide the refreshments and entertainment. 79 15. Some of the people were standing in the street watched the parade, while others were singing songs. 16. The bridge was hitting by large ship during a sudden storm last week. 17. George is not enough intelligent to pass this economics class without help. 18. While they were away at the beach, they allowed their neighbours use their barbecue grill. 19. The artist tried stimulate interest in painting by taking his students to the museum. 20. The girls were sorry to had missed the singers when they arrived at the airport.

**Вправа 2. Доберіть відповідну форму дієслова.**

1. If I ….. young I should have a walking holiday. a) was; b) am; c) were; d) had been. 2. If you ….. sick people you wouldn’t be a doctor, dear. a) hate; b) hated; c) will hate; d) had hated. 3. If I had not told him, he ….. never ….. a) should\*\*\*know; b) had\*\*\*known; c) would have\*\*\*known; d) knew. 4. You ….. hardly ….. him if you met him. a) would\*\*\*know; b) would have\*\*\*known; c) had\*\*\*known; d) knows. 5. If they ….. us we shouldn’t have found the way. a) help’ b) hadn’t helped; c) didn’t help; d) wouldn’t help. 6. If I had known that, I ….. a) didn’t come; b) came; c) shouldn’t come; d) shouldn’t have come. 7. She ….. calm if she knew what has happened. a) wasn’t; b) won’t be; c) wouldn’t be; d) hadn’t been. 8. If I ….. enough money I should buy this cassette-recorder. a) had had; b) had; c) have; d) shall have. 9. If you ….. hurry, you will miss the train. a) don’t; b) won’t; c) wouldn’t; d) didn’t. 10. Nobody told me about your trouble. I ….. if I had heard about it. a) would help; b) shall help; c) help; d) should have helped. 11. I shall stay at home till she ….. a) come; b) will come; c) would come; d) comes. 12. What will he do if his TV-set ….. ? a) breaks; b) break; c) will break; d) broke. 13. If he were not such an outstanding actor, he ….. so many admirers. a) hasn’t; b) wouldn’t have; c) hadn’t had; d) won’t have. 14. If he is free tomorrow, he certainly ….. to our party. a) comes; b) would come; c) will come; d) had come.

**Рекомендована література**

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